

## COVID-19 Federal, State, & Private Emergency Assistance

Administrator & Grant Name	Authorizing Legislation	Funding Info	Eligible/Target Recipients	Funding Description	Application Deadline	Comments			
ASSISTANCE FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS									
Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), administered by CalOES in California  Category B Public Assistance Program	California Covid-19 Pandemic Declaration (DR-4482)	\$45 billion nationwide via the Disaster Relief Fund Approx. \$500 million obligated for PA grants to California	Local governments, special districts, certain private non-profits	Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, eligible emergency protective measures taken to respond to the COVID-19 emergency at the direction or guidance of public health officials may be reimbursed under Category B of FEMA's Public Assistance Program.  Activities eligible for reimbursement are	submit an RPA will be 30 days after the end of the incident period close. Incident start date is January 20, 2020 and is ongoing, so the final deadline is	CalOES Applicants' Briefing reference materials: https://www.caloes.ca.gov/RecoverySite/Pages/DR-4482-Virtual-Applicants-Briefing.aspx  Applicants should continue to track costs incurred for COVID-19 response efforts in order to request reimbursement.  Applicants can submit an application directly to FEMA via the Grants Portal after CalOES approves their submitted RPA			
California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD)  Homekey	\$550 million from State's allocation of Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF) Allocation	\$600 million	Local public entities, including cities, counties, or other local public entities, including housing	Under the Homekey program, local entities will partner with the state to acquire and rehabilitate a variety of housing types, including (but not limited to) hotels, motels, vacant apartment buildings, and residential care facilities in order to serve people experiencing homelessness or who are		For Projects that involve an acquisition- and are receiving CRF awards, Grantees must expend the funds by the expenditure deadline and the Project escrow must be closed by December 30, 2020.			

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	\$50 million from State General Fund		authorities or federally recognized tribal governments	also at risk of serious illness from COVID-19.  Prior to submitting an application, all applicants are required to engage in a pre-application consultation with HCD. The pre-application consultation will allow the applicant and the department to discuss the applicant's proposed project, along with other applicable programmatic considerations, including those related to property acquisition, the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), land use and land entitlements, and long-term financing approaches.  To request your pre-application consultation email Homekey@hcd.ca.gov.		Applications for this NOFA will be received and reviewed on a rolling, over-the-counter basis until the Coronavirus Relief Fund and the State General Fund moneys are committed.
Federal Reserve  Municipal Liquidity Facility	Federal Reserve Action	\$500 billion in loan purchasing by the Fed	Counties with a population of at least 500,000 and cities with a population of at least 250,000	The Municipal Liquidity Facility will offer up to \$500 billion in lending to states and municipalities to help manage cash flow stresses caused by the coronavirus pandemic. The facility will purchase up to \$500 billion of short-term notes issued by U.S. states (including the District of Columbia), U.S. counties with a population of at least 500,000 residents, and U.S. cities with a population of at least 250,000 residents.  To be eligible for the facility, notes must mature no later than 36 months from the date of issuance. In addition, among other rating requirements, eligible issuers must have had an investment grade rating as of April 8, 2020, from at least two major nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.	N/A	MLF Term Sheet: https://www.federalreserve.g ov/newsevents/pressrelease s/files/monetary20200427a1. pdf

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U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development  Community Development Block Grant	S. 3548/H.R 748 (CARES Act)	\$5 billion nationwide \$235.3 million allocation to California based on 2020 CDBG Formula Allocation amounts to local governments vary based on formula	Counties and Cities	The CARES Act includes \$5 billion for the CDBG program to enable nearly 1,240 states, counties, and cities to rapidly respond to COVID-19 and the economic and housing impacts caused by it, including the expansion of community health facilities, child care centers, food banks, and senior services. Of the amounts provided, \$2 billion will be allocated to states and units of local governments that received an allocation under the fiscal year 2020 CDBG formula, \$1 billion will go directly to states to support a coordinated response across entitlement and non-entitlement communities, and \$2 billion will be allocated to states and units of local government, cities and counties based on the prevalence and risk of COVID-19 and related economic and housing disruption.	2020 – only non-entitlement jurisdictions are eligible	HCD has issued a NOFA for the allocation received from HUD for the State CDBG Program. These funds are only available to nonentitlement jurisdictions. If you are an entitlement jurisdiction or a nonentitlement city located in a entitlement County, then you would need to contact that County for CARES funding questions

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ASSISTANCE FOR PRIVATE BUSINESSES AND NONPROFITS									
Andrew W. Mellon Foundation Grants  Emergency Support to Nonprofits in higher education, the arts, and humanities	N/A – Private Funding	Up to \$200 million in grants nationally for 2020	501(c)(3) nonprofits in higher education, the arts, and humanities	Grants to provide emergency support to non-profits in higher education, the arts, and humanities, to help shore up struggling institutions during the global COVID-19 pandemic. Mellon will focus its grantmaking on elevating and undergirding institutions in the arts, culture, humanities, and higher education that are systemically under-resourced; steered by diverse, farsighted leadership; and courageously intent on expanding the possibilities of artistic exploration and social justice.		Application process starts with submitting an iquiry to the Foundation. If Foundation staff find that the proposed grant fits within the Foundation's grantmaking priorities, staff will invite a grant proposal through the portal and will then work with applicants to develop the final proposal.  Inquiries concerning a proposed grant should be made through the Foundation's grantee portal, Fluxx (https://mellon.fluxx.io).  More on the Foundation's grantmaking policies: https://mellon.org/grants/grantmaking-policies-and-quidelines/			
Federal Reserve  Main Street Lending  Program	Federal Reserve Action	\$600 billion in loan purchasing by the Fed	Small and mid- sized businesses employing up to 10,000 workers or with revenues of less than \$2.5 billion. Application is through an eligible lender	The Federal Reserve established the Main Street Lending Program (Program) to support lending to small and medium-sized businesses that were in sound financial condition before the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Program will operate through three facilities: the Main Street New Loan Facility (MSNLF), the Main Street Priority Loan Facility (MSPLF), and the Main Street Expanded Loan Facility (MSELF).	Ongoing	Federal Reserve Bank of Boston's Main Street Lending Program Forms and Agreements website for Lender registration: https://www.bostonfed.org/supervision-and-regulation/supervision/special-facilities/main-street-lending-program/information-for-lenders/docs.aspx			

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				Structure: To implement the Program, a Reserve Bank will set up a special purpose vehicle (SPV) to purchase 95 percent participations in loans originated by eligible lenders. Lenders will retain 5 percent of the loans. U.S. businesses are eligible for loans if they meet either of the following conditions: (1) the business has 10,000 employees or fewer; or (2) the business had 2019 revenues of \$2.5 billion or less. Loans would have a four year maturity, and principal and interest payments on the loans will be deferred for one year.  Operational Status: Lender registration is now open. Registration instructions and the form loan participation agreement, form borrower and lender certifications and covenants, and other required form agreements can be found on the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston's Main Street Lending Program Forms and Agreements website. The Federal Reserve is currently working to create the infrastructure necessary to fully operationalize the Program.		Once the Program is operational, small and medium-sized businesses interested in the Program can apply for Program loans by contacting an eligible lender.
U.S. Small Business Administration  Paycheck Protection Program (PPP)	S. 3548/H.R 748 (CARES Act)	\$350 billion for loans nationwide Additional \$321 billion authorized on 4/24/2020	Small business with less than 500 employees (including sole proprietorships, independent contractors and self-employed persons), private non-profit organization or 501(c)(19) veterans organizations	The Paycheck Protection Program is a loan designed to provide a direct incentive for small businesses to keep their workers on the payroll.  You can apply through any existing SBA 7(a) lender or through any federally insured depository institution, federally insured credit union, and Farm Credit System institution that is participating. Other regulated lenders will be available to make these loans once they are approved and enrolled in the program. You should consult with your local lender as to whether it is participating in the program.	with Phase 4 of COVID-19 Relief legislation	The loan amounts will be forgiven as long as:  The loan proceeds are used to cover payroll costs, and most mortgage interest, rent, and utility costs over the 8 week period after the loan is made; and employee and compensation levels are maintained. Payroll costs are capped at \$100,000 on an annualized basis for each employee.

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				This program is for any small business with less than 500 employees (including sole proprietorships, independent contractors and self-employed persons), private non-profit organization or 501(c)(19) veterans organizations affected by coronavirus/COVID-19.  Businesses in certain industries may have more than 500 employees if they meet the SBA's size standards for those industries.  Small businesses in the hospitality and food industry with more than one location could also be eligible if their individual locations employ less than 500 workers  The SBA published additional guidance on 4/23/2020 that puts restrictions on PPP loans so that publicly traded companies will have a harder time accessing the next round of funding.		Loan payments will be deferred for 6 months.  At least 75% of the forgiven amount must have been used for payroll  Tool to find eligible PPP lenders: https://www.sba.gov/paycheckprotection/find  PPP Borrower Application form (for reference, needs to be submitted to an eligible lender not directly to the SBA): https://www.sba.gov/sites/default/files/2020-04/PPP%20Borrower%20 Application%20Form.pdf
U.S. Small Business Administration  Economic Injury Disaster Loan Emergency Advance (EIDL)	S. 3548/H.R 748 (CARES Act)	\$562 million nationwide  Additional \$60 billion authorized by Congress on 4/23/2020	Small business with less than 500 employees (including sole proprietorships, independent contractors and self-employed persons), private non-profit organization or 501(c)(19) veterans organizations	In response to the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, small business owners in all U.S. states, Washington D.C., and territories are eligible to apply for an Economic Injury Disaster Loan advance of up to \$10,000. This advance will provide economic relief to businesses that are currently experiencing a temporary loss of revenue. Funds will be made available following a successful application.  The Economic Injury Disaster Loan advance funds will be made available within days of a successful application, and this loan advance will not have to be repaid.	Rolling	Direct link to application: https://covid19relief.sba.go v/#/

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U.S. Small Business Administration  SBA Debt Relief	S. 3548/H.R 748 (CARES Act)	N/A	Businesses with a current SBA loan	<ul> <li>As part of SBA's debt relief efforts,</li> <li>The SBA will automatically pay the principal, interest, and fees of current 7(a), 504, and microloans for a period of six months.</li> <li>The SBA will also automatically pay the principal, interest, and fees of new 7(a), 504, and microloans issued prior to September 27, 2020.</li> </ul>	N/A	No action needed – SBA automatically providing debt relief
U.S. Economic Development Administration  EDA CARES Act Recovery Assistance	S. 3548/H.R 748 (CARES Act)	\$1.5 billion nationwide  Award Ceiling: \$30 million  Award Floor: \$100,000	States, counties, cities, Tribes, institutions of higher education, public or private non-profits acting in cooperation with a state, county, or city	EDA is seeking to provide investments that support construction, non-construction, planning, technical assistance, and revolving loan fund projects.  Eligible projects include but are not limited to: •economic recovery planning •preparing technical assistance strategies to address economic dislocations caused by the coronavirus pandemic •preparing, developing, or updating pandemic recovery and resilience strategies, including industry supply chain, cluster analyses, econometric analyses, diversification efforts, and travel and tourism-related marketing campaigns. •implementing entrepreneurial support programs to diversify economies, including through Revolving Loan Funds or innovation grants •constructing infrastructure, public works, or facilities that will support economic recovery, including the deployment of broadband for purposes including supporting telehealth and remote learning for job skills	funds are	EDA One-Pager for EAA Program: https://www.eda.gov/pdf/a bout/Economic- Adjustment-Assistance- Program-1-Pager.pdf  Grants.gov NOFO and application access: https://www.grants.gov/web/grants/view- opportunity.html?oppId=32 1695

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	ASSISTANCE FOR PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS									
California Administrator: Employment Development Department (EDD)  Pandemic Additional Compensation (PAC)	S. 3548/H.R 748 (CARES Act)	N/A	Individuals experiencing temporary unemployment that are eligible for state UI benefits	Starting Sunday, for the week ending April 11, 2020, the EDD will begin paying an additional \$600 on top of current weekly benefit amount for current UI recipients, using supplemental federal government as part of the federal CARES Act.  For someone receiving the most recent average Unemployment Insurance payment of \$340 a week, a usual biweekly payment would equal \$680. With the extra payment, that biweekly payment would increase to \$1,880.  The first week the additional payments can be made is for the week ending April 4, not before. Separate retroactive payments will be automatically issued soon to those who had an active claim that week.	COVID-19 Relief	Claimants do not need to do anything to receive this extra funding. The EDD will automatically add the full \$600 to each week of current benefits that are paid every two weeks				
California Administrator: Employment Development Department (EDD)  Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	S. 3548/H.R 748 (CARES Act)	N/A	Individuals experiencing temporary unemployment that are not usually eligible for state UI benefits (business owners, self- employed individuals, business contractors, etc.)	As part of the federal CARES Act, the new Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA) program helps unemployed Californians who are business owners, self-employed, independent contractors, have limited work history, and others not usually eligible for regular state UI benefits who are out of business or services are significantly reduced as a direct result of the pandemic. The provisions of the program include:  Up to 39 weeks of benefits starting with weeks of unemployment beginning February 2, 2020, through the week ending December 26, 2020, depending on when you became directly impacted by the pandemic.	December 26,	Application page for filing a PUA claim: https://www.edd.ca.gov/Unemployment/UI Online.htm  PUA FAQs: https://www.edd.ca.gov/about_edd/coronavirus-2019/pandemic-unemployment-assistance/faqs.htm				

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				A new 13-week federal extension for those who run out of their regular state-provided UI benefits (maximum 26 weeks). File a PUA claim and you may be converted to the federal extension once it is available.		
Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and Secretary of the Treasury  Special rules for use of retirement funds	S. 3548/H.R 748 (CARES Act)	N/A	Individuals with eligible retirement accounts	Consistent with previous disaster-related relief, the CARES Act includes a provision that waives the 10-percent early withdrawal penalty for distributions up to \$100,000 from qualified retirement accounts for coronavirus-related purposes made on or after January 1, 2020.  The special withdrawal rules apply to eligible retirement plans, which include individual retirement accounts and annuities (IRAs), qualified pension, profit-sharing, or stock bonus plans (including 401(k) plans), qualified 403(a) annuity plans, 403(b) annuity contracts and custodial accounts, and governmental section 457 deferred compensation plans.  Individuals will still have to pay federal income taxes on withdrawals, but can elect to pay the federal income tax on the distribution over 3 years or repay the distribution within a 3-year period to an eligible retirement plan.		Affected participant or account owner (including a spouse or dependent) must either be diagnosed with COVID-19 or experiencing adverse financial consequences as a result of events including, but not limited to, quarantine, furlough, lay-offs, reduced work hours, no available childcare, business closing or reduced business hours (self-employed), or other factors determined by the Secretary of the Treasury.
One Fair Wage Emergency Fund	N/A – Private assistance	N/A, organization is actively fundraising	Tipped workers and other service workers (restaurant worker, delivery driver, or Uber/Lyft driver)	The One Fair Wage Emergency fund is providing cash assistance to restaurant workers, car service drivers, delivery workers, personal service workers who are facing unprecedented economic hardship from the coronavirus crisis.	Ongoing	Direct link to intake fund: https://ofwemergencyfund.org/help

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ASSISTANCE FOR HIGHER EDUCATION									
U.S. Department of Education  Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund	S. 3548/H.R 748 (CARES Act)	\$30.75 billion total nationwide \$14.25 billion nationwide for institutions of higher education	Institutions of higher education	The CARES Act includes \$30.75 billion for an Education Stabilization Fund for states, school districts and institutions of higher education for costs related to coronavirus. \$14.25 billion will be available for higher education emergency relief for institutions of higher education to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus.  Funds may be used to defray expenses for institutions of higher education, such as lost revenue, technology costs associated with a transition to distance education, and grants to students for food, housing, course materials, technology, health care, and childcare.  Student borrowers would get a six-month reprieve from loan payments but not debt cancellation.  Also allows institutions to award additional Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG) for emergency aid.  Allows institutions to issue work-study payments to students who are unable to work due to work-place closures as a lump sum or in payments similar to paychecks.  The dollars allocated to the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund are distributed as follows:  90% will be disbursed directly to Institutions of Higher Education using the existing Title IV distribution system in order for Institutions of Higher Education to prevent, prepare for, and		Formula allocations for univiersities: https://www2.ed.gov/about /offices/list/ope/allocationsf orsection18004a1ofcaresa ct.pdf  Link to grants.gov application for universities: https://www.grants.gov/we b/grants/search- grants.html			

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				respond to coronavirus, apportioned according to the relative share of Pell Grant recipients. 5% will be reserved for HBCUs, and the remaining 5% s reserved for grants to smaller Institutions of Higher Education that have the "greatest unmet needs related to coronavirus."		
U.S. Department of Education  Pell Grants Updates	S. 3548/H.R 748 (CARES Act)	N/A	Students who are Pell Grant recipients	For students who dropped out of school as a result of COVID -19, the student is not required to return Pell grants or federal student loans to the Secretary. Additionally, the student's grades will not affect a student's federal academic requirements to continue to receive Pell Grants or student loans  The CARES Act also waives the requirement that institutions calculate the amount of grant or loan assistance that the institution must return to the Secretary in the case of students who dropped out of school as a result of COVID-19.		No specific action needed on the part of the student
University of California  Adjusted Admissions Requirements	N/A	N/A	Students looking to enroll in the UC system for Fall 2020	In response to COVID-19's impact on secondary education, the UC Board of Regents approved a series of critical, short-term measures:  • Suspending the letter grade requirement for A-G courses completed in winter/spring/summer 2020 for all students, including UC's most recently admitted freshmen. • Suspending the standardized test requirement for students applying for fall 2021 freshman admission. • Providing that there will be no rescission of student admissions offers that result from students or schools missing official final transcript deadlines, and student retention of admission status through the first day		No specific action needed on the part of students  Final transcripts still by July 1 where possible.  If schools are unable or unsure about their ability to issue transcripts by this date, they may notify UC at AskUC@ucop.edu and include a date when transcripts are expected to be available.

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				<ul> <li>of class until official documents are received by campuses.</li> <li>For transfer students, temporarily suspending the cap on the number of transferable units with "pass/no pass" grading applied toward the minimum 60 semester/90 quarter units required for junior standing.</li> </ul>		